Workshop on publishing in English
10 January 2014, 1.00-4.30 pm

Peer-reviewed Publishing in English with International Publishers
a) in peer-reviewed indexed social science journals
b) in peer-reviewed books with major social science publishers

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Editor, Hexagon Series on Human, Environmental Security and Peace
Springer Briefs in Environment, Security, Development & Peace
SpringerBriefs on Pioneers in Science & Practice
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Part 1 (1.00-2.45)
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2. Multiple Context: UNESCO’s Science Report (2013), IPCC (citations) & University Ranking (research)
3. University Rankings
4. Academic Scientific Editor: Give More Voice & Visibility to Scholars from Global South

Part 2 (3.00-4.30)
5. Hexagon Series: Volumes I-IX
6. Springer Briefs on Pioneers in Science & Practice (PSP)
7. SpringerBriefs in Environment, Security, Development & Peace
8. Migration Subseries: first 4 books by Chulalongkorn University
9. Proposal: Copublication in English and Thai
10. Conclusions: Research & Publishing in English Matters
1. Introduction

• Multiple Context: University, Scholars & Graduates
  – IPCC’s citation requirement: peer-reviewed vs. grey literature
  – University Ranking: peer-reviewed, indexed publications matter
  – For Scientific career (Phd programmes): English publication in peer-reviewed journals increasingly becomes a requirement

• Peer-reviewed Publishing in English with International Publishers in peer-reviewed indexed social science journals
  – Most journals are not in English, not peer-reviewed, not indexed
  – Many peer reviewed, English journals are published in US, UK
  – Peer-reviewed journals have a high rejection rate (50-70%)

• in peer-reviewed books with major social science publishers

- ISSC: Transformative Cornerstones of Social Science Research on Global Change (2012)
- Bibliometrics: What is included?
- IPCC: Citable Literature: only peer reviewed
- Thomson & Reuters: Scientific Indexing and University Ranking: Global, Asia & Emerging Countries
International Social Science Council (ISSC) presented the *World Social Science Report 2013 on global environmental change*. Many changes are driven by human activities, fossil fuel consumption, deforestation, agricultural intensification, urbanization, overexploitation of fisheries, and waste production. Most discussed ... is climate change.

These challenges are intimately connected to accelerating production and consumption, population growth, socio-economic and cultural globalization, and widespread patterns of inequality. Together they comprise a major feature of contemporary life, and require innovative policy and social transformation.
2.2 ISSC (2012) - Transformative Cornerstones of Social Science Research for Global Change

Figure 1: Number of articles in SSCI with the keywords "climate change" or "environmental change"
2.3. Publications on Global Environmental Change

The social sciences are increasingly expected to play a role in analysing the urgent problems of global environmental change, and in suggesting solutions. But do they have the capacity to do so? Part 2 analyses the state of social science research on global environmental change in different parts of the world, and its capacity to address the many complex issues that environmental change raises.

Social scientists in the United States and Europe have been studying global environmental change for several decades. But the emergence of climate change as a global issue in the 1990s – before and after the Rio Earth Summit of 1992 – stimulated rapid growth in this area throughout the world (Figure 3). Since 2005, the number of publications on climate change and global environmental change in social science journals indexed in the Web of Science (WoS) has increased rapidly. Researchers in environmental studies, economics and geography published most on these themes during the period 1990-2011, while other social sciences such as political science, sociology and psychology have lagged behind.
Figure 2  Number of articles in the SSCI in the period 2000-2010 per social science disciplinary subfield
2.5. ISSC (2012)

Transformative Cornerstones of Social Science Research for Global Change

Figure 3 Number of articles in SSCI database in the period 2000-2010 with keywords: "environmental change" or "climate change"
Regional disparities in the volume and visibility of social science research, as highlighted by the number of publications registered in the WoS, are formidable. Europe – particularly Western Europe – produces the most publications, followed closely by North America (Figure 4). Far behind, yet with a significant production, come Oceania and East Asia. Further behind still are Latin America, sub-Saharan Africa, and South and West Asia. The figures for

Even within regions, considerable differences exist between countries. The countries producing the largest number of publications on global environmental change are the United States (by far) and then the United Kingdom. Next – but far behind – are Australia, Canada, Germany and the Netherlands.
Transformative Cornerstones of Social Science Research for Global Change

2.7. ISSC

Figure 4: Number of articles in SSCI database in the period 2000-2010 with keywords: "environmental change" or "climate change"
2.7. Explaining Regional Differences

Explaining the disparities in social science capacity between regions and countries

- **A lack of funding** for social science research in general and social science research on global environmental change in particular, especially in Southern countries;

- **A lack of institutional support** for social science research on global environmental change. In most

- **A lack of incentives to do research** encourages African, Indian or Latin American scholars to seek better opportunities elsewhere. This problem is not specific to global environmental change;

- **A lack of interest among social scientists themselves** in global environmental change, a subject which is often considered a biophysical science issue. Many social scientists prefer to study topics such as economic growth and development, poverty alleviation and the reduction of inequality, which are considered more central to the core of the traditional social sciences.
2.8 What is the basis of this bibliometrics?

- Literature included in Social Science Citation Index (SSCI)
- Overrepresents research published in English
- Open access (webometrics)
- Thomson ISI
  - Counting
  - Citation, impact factor
  - Cocitation
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Source: Compiled by Science-Metrix from Thomson ISI’s and Ulrich’s data.
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Source: Compiled by Science-Metrix from Thomson ISI’s and Ulrich’s data.
2.10. IPCC Citable Literature  

ANNEX 2 PROCEDURE ON THE USE OF LITERATURE IN IPCC REPORTS

- This annex is provided to ensure that the IPCC process for the use of literature is open and transparent. In the assessment process, emphasis is to be placed on the assurance of the quality of all cited literature. **Priority should be given to peer-reviewed scientific, technical and socio-economic literature if available.**

- It is recognized that **other sources** provide crucial information for IPCC Reports. These sources may include **reports from governments, industry, and research institutions, international and other organizations, or conference proceedings**. Use of this literature brings with it an extra responsibility for the author teams to ensure the quality and validity of cited sources and information.

- In general, **newspapers and magazines are not valid sources of scientific information. Blogs, social networking sites, and broadcast media are not acceptable sources of information for IPCC Reports.** Personal communications of scientific results are also not acceptable sources.
2.11 What is noted and cited?

- ISSC & UNESCI: review of peer-reviewed literature that is included in the Social Science Citation Index
- Dominance of English language literature
- IPCC: usually only peer-reviewed literature is citable (articles/books) although some accepted initially only articles listed in SCOPUS (Elsevier)

- Requirements:
  - Publish in English in books/journals with an ISBN/SSBN, with a publisher, city and date & listing in Library of Congress
  - Publish in peer-reviewed publications which are indexed, usually in the SSCI and which have a high impact factor
2.12 University & Career Requirements

- In scientific CVs, US, Canadian universities require to distinguish between peer-reviewed and other non peer-reviewed scientific literature (proceedings)
- Chula encourages and honours the publication in peer-reviewed scientific journals and books
- UKM (Malaysia): requires that all PhD candidates publish one article in a peer-reviewed journal as part of their requirement for admission
- First choice: Which language to publish in Thai and/or English?
- Where to publish: locally in Thai and globally in English or both (would be ideal)
3. University Rankings

• University Rankings have become a tool for
  – The choice of brilliant students where to study
  – Increasingly for government science & education ministries for the funding of universities from national budgets.

• Which University Rankings exist?
  – World’s Best Universities (World’s Top Universities: QS),
  – The Times Higher Education Supplement World Ranking
  – Academic Ranking of World Universities, Jiaotong-Un. Shanghai.

• Importance of Research and indexed publications?
  – Research and publications: one or 4-5 key criteria

Research as Criteria for University Ranking:
• Research quality is key criteria in university ranking/rating systems.
• QS World University Rankings, research quality criteria most weight.
• To measure how a university’s research quality is, based on 4 areas
  – Academic peer endorsements
  – Citations per paper: maximum points six citations per paper.
  – Research papers per faculty: 7 papers for every faculty member
  – Prolific academic experts: international awards for recognition for outstanding work, e.g. various Nobel Prizes.

• Peer-reviewed Publications: Journals and Books in English matter
• Social Research Citation Index: only English language articles
  – Journals to be accepted need: 25 English articles each year for three years
  – 3,000 of world's leading social sciences journals across 50 disciplines.

• Book Citation Index: Thomson & Reuters, Web of Knowledge, at:
  <http://thomsonreuters.com/book-citation-index/> and at:
  <http://wokinfo.com/products_tools/multidisciplinary/bookcitationindex/>
3.2: Chula‘s Ranking (QS)

- Chulalongkorn University was ranked "Excellent" in both academics and research by the Commission of Higher Education.
- Chulalongkorn University also has been top ranked Thai's university for the past 4 years by the Times Higher Education - QS World University Rankings.
- In 2008, it has been ranked 72nd for Social Science, 86th for Technology and 108th for Life Science & Biomedicine.
### 3.3 Chula’s CU Asia Ranking

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3.4. For International Ranking

- **Ranking: Chulalongkorn Globally:** 239 (2013)
  - Social Sciences and Management (global): 115 (2013)
  - Social Sciences and Management (Asia): Rank 18 (2013)
- **Thammasat:** Rank 29  **Mahidol:** Rank 49

| University World Ranking in 2005 – 2011 by QS World University Rankings[17] |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Overall | 201 | 171 | 180 | 138 | 166 | 223 | 161 | 161 |
| Arts & Humanities | 113 | 69 | 78 | 49 | 119 | 136 | – | – |
| Natural Sciences | 140 | 138 | 186 | 136 | 171 | 159 | – | – |
| Engineering & IT | 106 | 104 | 101 | 78 | 86 | 100 | – | – |
| Social Sciences | 80 | 68 | 78 | 51 | 72 | 83 | – | – |
| Life Sciences | 92 | 78 | 130 | 51 | 108 | 138 | – | – |
3.5. Goal of Chula’s President

Heads of Chulalongkorn University have set lofty goals

CU president Professor Pirom Kamolratanakul (Nation, 11.2.2011)

• Pirom said: "we hope that our products or outputs or outcomes will meet world-class standards in terms of graduates, research, curricula and academic services." Chula ... would focus not only on reaching world-class standards but would help lift the country through education. "CU was ranked 223rd by Times Higher Education - QS World University Rankings ... Later in 2009, CU's rank climbed up to 138th in the world, 20th in Asia and 3rd in Asean countries, which are our best ranks,"

• CU's rank dropped to 180 in QS World University Rankings (2010), when new criteria are used by QS separated from Times.

• CU's vice president MR Kalaya Tingsabadh said: "We categorise CU as world-class in the 'national' university division, not world-class in an 'international' university division.
King Mongkut's University of Technology, Thonburi (Rank 24)
Mahidol University (Rank 52)
National Autonomous University of Mexico (Rank 59)
Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia (Rank 77)
Chiang Mai (Rank 82)
Chulalongklorn Bangkok, Thailand (Rank 85)

- Overall score 20.3
- Teaching 22.8
- International outlook 29.8
- Industry income 38.0
- Research 15.5
- Citations 19.0

Today, it consists of 19 faculties, two teaching institutes, three colleges and 10 institutes, with a total enrolment of more than 40,000 undergraduate and graduate students.
3.7 World rankings – Asia in the Social Sciences

*Times Higher Education* World University Rankings 2013-2014 powered by Thomson Reuters are only global university performance tables to judge world class universities across all of their core missions - teaching, research, knowledge transfer & international outlook. The top universities rankings employ 13 carefully calibrated performance indicators to provide the most comprehensive and balanced comparisons available, which are trusted by students, academics, university leaders, industry & governments.

301-350: King Mongkut's University of Technology, Thonburi

**Asia University Rankings**

- **King Mongkut's University of Technology, Thonburi** (Rank 55)
- **Mahidol University** (Rank 61)
- Chulalongkorn University (Rank 82)
- **Bangkok, Thailand**
  - Overall score 24.8
  - Teaching 28.8
  - International outlook 32.5
  - Industry income 47.2
  - Research 20.4
  - Citations 21.6
- **National University of Malaysia** (Rank 87)
3.4. Book & (Journal) Social Citation Index

**COMPLETING THE RESEARCH PICTURE**

**BOOK CITATION INDEX IN WEB OF SCIENCE™**

Web of Science and the Web of Knowledge Platform

**Discovery Starts Here**

Inclusion of scholarly books maximizes the benefits of powerful citation navigation features available with the Web of Science and Web of Knowledge.

- **Conference Proceedings Citation Index™**
  - 1990 to present
  - Fully indexes over 148,000 conference titles in the Sciences and Social Sciences with 12,000 conferences added annually

- **Science Citation Index Expanded™**
  - 1900 to present
  - Fully indexes over 8,500 major journals across 150 disciplines

- **Social Sciences Citation Index™**
  - 1900 to present
  - Fully indexes over 3,000 social sciences journals, covering the most significant social sciences discoveries from all of the 20th century.

- **Arts & Humanities Citation Index®**
  - to 1975 to present
  - Fully indexes over 1,700 arts and humanities journals, as well as selected items from over 250 scientific and social sciences journals

- **Index Chemicus®**
  - 1993 to present
  - Contains over 2.6 million compounds

- **Current Chemical Reactions®**
  - 1986 to present; plus INPI archives from 1840 to 1985
  - Contains over one million reactions

- **Book Citation Index**
  - 2005 to present
  -Indexes over 50,000 editorially selected books with 10,000 new books added each year
3.5 Thomson & Reuters: Indexing & Ranking

THE DEFINITIVE RESOURCE FOR GLOBAL RESEARCH

WEB OF SCIENCE

ACCESS POWERFUL CITED REFERENCE SEARCHING AND MULTIDISCIPLINARY CONTENT

WHAT IT DELIVERS

• Coverage of over 12,000 journals
• More than 148,000 proceedings from the most significant conferences, symposia, seminars, colloquia, workshops, and conventions worldwide
• Coverage as far back as 1900
• Coverage of over 30,000 editorially selected books
• Cover-to-cover indexing
• Cited reference and chemical structure searches
• Author identification tools
• Analysis capabilities and visualization tools
• Direct links to full text and library holdings information

WHAT YOU CAN DO

• Access the highest quality, curated, multidisciplinary content
• Pinpoint subject-specific and regional research
• Search grant activity and funding acknowledgements
• Discover the most relevant research to inform your work
• Find high-impact articles and proceedings
• Discover research ideas as they are first presented, before they are included in journals
• Detect emerging trends that help you pursue successful research and grant acquisition
• See where top researchers are publishing and presenting findings
• Identify potential collaborators with significant citation records
3.6. Social Citation Index

http://ip-science.thomsonreuters.com/cgi-bin/jrnlst/jloptions.cgi?PC=SS

SOCIAL SCIENCES CITATION INDEX

• Find a specific journal by title, title words, or ISSN
• View a list of all journals
• View a list of all journals covered in a specific category
• View a list of all journal coverage changes (added or dropped)

Here you should start with the search of journals for your research

• Area Studies (66)
• Environmental Studies (99)
• Planning & Development (55)
• Political Science (161)
• International Relations (84)
• Women’s studies (40)
3.7. Peer Review

- **Peer review** is the evaluation of work by one or more people of similar competence to the producers of the work (peers). It constitutes a form of self-regulation by qualified members of a profession within the relevant field.

- Peer review methods are employed to maintain standards of quality, improve performance, and provide credibility. In academia peer review is often used to determine an academic paper's suitability for publication.

- Scholarly peer review is the process of subjecting an author's scholarly work, research, or ideas to the scrutiny of others who are experts in the same field, before a paper describing this work is published in a journal. Peer review in its current form is relatively recent; the journal Nature instituted formal peer review only in 1967. The work may be accepted, considered acceptable with revisions, or rejected.

- Peer review requires a community of experts in a given (and often narrowly defined) field, who are qualified and able to perform reasonably impartial review.

- Although generally considered essential to academic quality, and used in most important scientific publications, peer review has been criticized as ineffective, slow, and is often misunderstood (anonymous peer review and open peer review).

- Publications that have not undergone peer review are likely to be regarded with suspicion by scholars and professionals (lower rank, or grey area literature).
3.8. Peer Review Procedure & Process

Usually, there are two or three referees for a given article.

• These referees each return an evaluation of the work to the editor, noting weaknesses or problems along with suggestions for improvement.

• Typically, most of the referees' comments are eventually seen by the author; scientific journals observe this convention universally. The editor, usually familiar with the field of the manuscript evaluates the referees' comments, her or his own opinion of the manuscript, and the context of the scope of the journal or level of the book and readership, before passing a decision back to the author(s), usually with the referees' comments.

• Referees' evaluations usually include an explicit recommendation of what to do with the manuscript or proposal, often chosen from options provided by the journal or funding agency. Most recommendations are along the lines of the following:
  – to unconditionally accept the manuscript or proposal,
  – to accept it in the event that its authors improve it in certain ways,
  – to reject it, but encourage revision and invite resubmission,
  – to reject it outright.
3.9. Styles of the Review

• In "double-blind" review, which is more common in the humanities than in the hard sciences, the identity of the authors is concealed from the reviewers, and vice versa, lest the knowledge of authorship or concern about disapprobation from the author bias their review.

• Single-blind review is strongly dependent upon the goodwill of the participants, but no more so than double-blind review with easily identified authors.

• A conflict of interest arises when a reviewer and author have a disproportionate amount of respect or disrespect for each other.

• When conflicts are reported, the conflicting reviewer can be prohibited from reviewing and discussing the manuscript, or her review can instead be interpreted with the reported conflict in mind; the latter option is more often adopted when the conflict of interest is mild (ancient professional connection, family relation).
3.10 Peer Review Requirements & Criteria

• Requirements:
  – Abstract., Keywords
  – Text, Bibliography, Biography, Abbreviations

• There are many Peer Review Criteria: (see: internet!)
  – Problem Statement, Conceptual Framework & Research Question
  – Reference to the Literature and Documentation
  – Relevance
  – Research Design
  – Instrumentation, Data Collection and Quality Control
  – Population and Sample
  – Data Analysis and Statistics
  – Reporting of statistical analyses
  – Presentation of results
  – Discussion and Conclusions: Interpretation
  – Title, Authors, and Abstract
  – Presentation and Documentation
  – Scientific Conduct
3.11 My own peer review criteria for my two peer-reviewed book series

Criteria of peer review:
• sophistication
• conceptual clarity
• readability
• conceptual
• theoretical
• empirical
• innovative

Recommendations:
• unconditional acceptance: directly to language editor
• minor modifications and improvements
• major modifications and improvements
• rejection

Comments:
3.11. Recommendations

• Many submissions may not be submitted to peer review due to language problems (poor English)
• There is a rejection rate by most journals that differs due to the focus and attractiveness
• Reviewers may not have time to fully understand the argument of an article or book.

Before you submit your text I suggest:

• Ask a native speaker to improve your language
• Make sure that all formal requirements are met
• Rejections are normal: You do not loose your face!
• If you receive many suggestions, resubmit it taking recommendations into account (sometimes the same reviewer has a second look)
• Reviewers have often different opinions and assessments.
3.12. Difficulties

- Regional & language concentration: USA, UK, Canada, Australia (English language countries, many indexed journals are there, dominate the boards of journals, and probably also the reviewers.
- Regional dominance: in journals, citations & reviewers (high university ranking)
- Deliberate Chinese strategy: to move towards open access English language journals (see rapid increase of open access journals from P.R. of China (Springer)
- But be careful there are **many faked journal offers by criminals** on the internet, check SSCI first
- Access is more difficult, especially for young scholars!
3.13 Conclusions & Suggestions

Short-term
• **Select relevant indexed journals**, study submission requirements, past articles, authors etc. (if the publish only articles by scholars from NA/W. Europe you may not choose this journal (regional bias).
• **Follow closely their formal requirements** (English, citation style, Chicago [US] vs. Oxford Style [British english] manual)
• **Have your submission language edited by a native speaker at Chula**

Medium Term:
Prepare a peer-reviewed, indexed English language hosted open access journal of ASEAN or Thai Political Science Administration
• **Global recognition**: English & peer-reviewed
• **SSCI** (3 years, 25 English articles per year)
• **Open access journal**: electronic & free access (higher potential citation): expensive for authors (1000$/€, article) /institution
• **Hosted scientific journals**: (about 1/10 of cost): My proposal
3.14 Starting a Strategic Process

- **Goal**: enhance global recognition of Chula’s social science research (Political Science Faculty)

- **Thus**: upgrade research component of university rankings: English publications/citations

- **Encourage publications in indexed (SSCI) journals**:
  - Assist in language editing
  - Assist in fees for open access journals
  - Financial stimulus & recognition within faculty

- **Develop ASEAN/Thai hosted Open Access journal**
  - Chulalongkorn University as the producer
  - Springer publishers: hosted science journals
4. Academic Scientific Editor: Give More Voice & Visibility to Scholars from the Global South

Over 2,000 publishers, 3 account for 42% of articles

- Reed Elsevier,
- Springer Science+Business Media,
- John Wiley & Sons.

Author & Editor of 3 Springer book Series:

- Hexagon Book Series on Human, Environmental Security and Peace (HESP)
- Springer Briefs on Environment, Security, Development and Peace (ESDP)
- Springer Briefs on Pioneers in Science & Practice
4.1. Publishers in the Social Sciences

- **US Libraries list only US publishers:**
  - An Assessment of *Publisher Quality by Political Science Librarians*
    - crl.acrl.org/content/61/4/313.full.pdf

- **Political Science, Politics and International Relations Publishers**
  - http://www.acqweb.org/pubr/politics.html

- **Political Science Publishers y:**
  - http://www.publishersglobal.com/directory/subject/political-science-publishers/2/

- **Springer. Publishes 53 political science journals**
  - Regular journals
  - Electronic journals
    - Regular (you can download against a fee)
    - Open access (the authors or the institution pays)
    - Hosted open access journals (the institution produces the journal (Springer solely hosts it)
4.2. Book Series in the Web

• **Traditional:** Hardcover or Softcover Books
• **New:** Electronic Books
• **Electronic Book Chapters**
• **New:** Open Access Journals & Books

Springer‘s Earth Sciences Book Package: 4500 University (Globally, 1/3 in the Asia Pacific) Subscribers
• Free access to the electronic books, journals (free download, high download rates)
• **My Copy:** set price up to 1200 pages 24.99 $

<http://www.springer.com/librarians/e-content/mycopy?SGWID=0-165802-0-0-0>
4.3. My 3 Book Series in the Internet

Hexagon Book Series on Human, Environmental Security and Peace (HESP)
• Springer: http://www.springer.com/series/8090

Springer Briefs on Environments, Security, Development and Peace (ESDP)
• Springer: http://www.springer.com/series/10357

Springer Briefs on Pioneers in Science & Practice (PSP)
• Springer: http://www.springer.com/series/10970
5. Hexagon Series: Volumes I-IX

New Volumes


5.1 Hexagon Series: 2 vol. on Migration (2011, 2013)
5.2. Chapters Relevant for Thailand

Regular book:

Open access book (Editors pay fee to publisher: all book chapters are for free download):

  • 4: Burmese Female Migrant Workers in Thailand: Managing Productive and Reproductive Responsibilities *Kyoko Kusakabe and Ruth Pearson*
  • 17: The Right to Education for Migrant Children in Thailand: Liminal Legality and the Educational Experience of Migrant Children in Samut Sakhon by *Kamowan Petchot*
  • 19: Gender, Masculinity, and Safety in the Changing Lao-Thai Migration Landscape by *Roy Huijsmans*
5.3. Hexagon Series in Internet

Website of publisher:
• http://www.springer.com/series/8090
• http://www.springer.com/series/8090?detailsPage=titles
• http://www.springer.com/earth+sciences+and+geography/geography/book/978-3-642-28625-4#

Website of the editor:
• Volume 3, 4 and 5 of the Hexagon Book Series represent the Global Environmental and Human Security Handbook for the Anthropocene (GEHSHA), 2008-2011. These three volumes had until 31 December 2012 a total of 47,612 chapter download requests.

Website of each book

Springer Link:
• http://www.springerlink.com/content/978-3-642-28626-1
6. Springer Briefs on Pioneers in Science & Practice (PSP)


- Honour major lifelong achievements of scholars and policymakers. Vol. 1-20:
- Multidisciplinary & global:
  - USA: Arthur H. Westing (2), Chadwick Alger (3), Betty Reardon (1) [6]
  - Mexico: Rodolfo Stavenhagen (3), Lourdes Arizpe (3) [6]
  - Germany: Dieter Senghaas (1), Klaus von Beyme (2), Ulrich Beck (1), Helmut Schmidt (1) [5]
  - Norway: Johan Galtung (1)
  - Egypt: Samir Amin (2)

Subseries:
  - Texts and Protocol
  - Nobel Laureates: Paul Crutzen (80)
  - Policymakers: Helmut Schmidt (95)


Lourdes Arizpe

**Lourdes Arizpe**

*A Mexican Pioneer in Anthropology*

*SpringerBriefs on Pioneers in Science and Practice*, Vol. 10

2014, XXVI, 173 p. 31 illus., 21 illus. in color.
6.2. Two Examples of Autumn 2013
7. SpringerBriefs in Environment, Security, Development and Peace (ESDP)

A Peer Reviewed Book Series

- Springer: http://www.springer.com/series/10357

Vision: Give more voice & visibility to scholars from South

Subseries:

- ASEAN Studies (ESDP-AS)
- Mediterranean Studies (ESDP-MeS)
- Migration Studies (ESDP-MiS)
- Peace and Security Studies (ESDP-PSS)
- Sustainable Development and Sustainability Transition Studies (ESDP-SDST)
8. Subseries on Migration Studies: First four volumes of Chulalongkorn University


Focus of Migration Research from a Southern Perspective: so far from Mexico (2) and Thailand (4) by scholars from Americas - Thailand and Europe

  - Volumes 2-5: from Chulalongkorn University.
  - Result of a UNDP-Project funded by the European Union
  - Volume 6: probably again from Mexico

All new texts must be peer-reviewed (double blind) as for journals (Book Citation Index)
8.1. Volumes of Chulalongkorn University

• Yongyuth Chalamwong - Naruemon Thabchumpon, Supang Chantavanich (Eds.): Temporary Sheltered and Surrounding Communities. Livelihood Opportunities, the Labour Market, Social Welfare and Social Security (Springer-Verlag, 2014).

• Suwattana Thadaniti, Supang Chantavanich (Ed.): The Impact of Displaced People’s Temporary Shelters on their Surrounding Environment (Springer-Verlag, 2014).


8.2.: Vol. 1: Temporary Shelters & Surrounding Communities

- Identification: Chula & Springer
- Copyright: The authors
8.3. Illustrations in Colour: Digital Printing

Fig. 1.2 Expenditure by sector in 2009. Source: TBBC programme report: Burmese border displaced persons, October 2010, p. 13c

Fig. 1.3 Cost per displaced person per annum. Source: TBBC programme report: Burmese border displaced persons, October 2010, p. 59

Fig. 11 Source of funding provided for displaced persons in 2009. Source: TBBC programme report: Burmese border displaced persons, October 2010, p. 13c

Fig. 21 Conceptual framework. Source: Authors’ compilation
The Impact of Displaced People’s Temporary Shelters on Their Surrounding Environment
8.5. Details from Springer Website

Springer:

• The Impact of Displaced People’s Temporary Shelters on their Surrounding Environment
• Series: SpringerBriefs in Environment, Security, Development and Peace, Vol. 16
• Subseries: Migration Studies
• Thadaniti, Suwattana; Chantavanich, Supang (Eds.)

2014, XVIII, 183 p. 123 illus. in color.

Available Formats:
• Ebook (available)
  – Springer Link all chapters:
  – Free for subscribers
  – For sale for the others (nonsubscribers)
• Softcover (available):
  – free shipping for individuals worldwide
  – usually dispatched within 3 to 5 business days
  – MyCopy for Subscribers

Springer Link: Here you can download

SpringerBriefs in Environment, Security, Development and Peace
2014
The Impact of Displaced People’s Temporary Shelters on their Surrounding Environment
Editors:
• Suwattana Thadaniti,
• Supang Chantavanich
• ISBN: 978-3-319-02841-5 (Print) 978-3-319-02842-2 (Online)
• Table of contents (6 chapters)
• Front Matter
• Pages i-xviii
Download PDF (227KB) Book Chapter Pages 1-5
• Introduction
  • Suwattana Thadaniti,
  • Kanokphan U-Sha

Look Inside Get Access Book Chapter Pages 7-24
• Desk Review
  • Suwattana Thadaniti,
  • Kanokphan U-Sha

Look Inside Get Access Book Chapter Pages 25-51
• Displaced Persons’ Temporary Settlement Along the Thai–Myanmar Border: State of Affairs from an Environmental Perspective
  • Suwattana Thadaniti,
  • Kanokphan U-Sha
8.6. Book 2: 123 Illustrations in colour
About the book

• Major empirical migration study by leading Thai migration specialists from Chulalongkorn University (Bangkok) for the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)

• Forced Migration on the border between Myanmar and Thailand

• Focus on Royal Thai Government policy and donor, INGO/NGO and UN Agency delivery of humanitarian assistance for displaced persons from Myanmar

This book is one of four volumes on a major empirical migration study by leading Thai migration specialists from Chulalongkorn University (Bangkok) for the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). This volume examines the protracted refugee situation at the Thai–Myanmar border. Displaced persons are kept in closed settlements, and this has limited their self-reliance. A resettlement program has been implemented and many refugees have been accepted in resettlement countries. Repatriation is not recommended as a durable solution unless Myanmar becomes a safe place for return. Funding and intervention policies of international organizations and NGOs vary. Donors prefer to switch humanitarian assistance to development aid. The book provides realistic policy recommendations for a durable solution for refugees at the borders. Practitioners and policymakers from governments, international organizations and NGOs will benefit from its findings. The volume is also helpful for anyone studying forced migration and its denouement in the globalized age.

• Content Level » Research

• Keywords » Donors and Stakeholders' Roles - Durable Solutions - International Intervention - Thai Government Policy on Refugees - Thai-Myanmar Border

• Related subjects » Political Science - Population Studies

• Table of contents

Resettlement of Displaced Persons on the Thai–Myanmar Border
8.10. Where to get these Books?

- Look at Google & Scholar
- On the Springer Website
- In any major bookstore
- With all 12 national Amazon websites:
- Search at Amazon.com:
  For Supang Chantavanich

Supang Chantavanich

Auto-delivered wirelessly
• FREE Shipping and 1 more promotion
• Books: See all 17 items

• *Humanitarian Assistance for Displaced Persons from Myanmar: Royal Thai Government Policy and Donor, INGO, NGO...* by Premjai Vungsiriphisal, Dares Chusri and Supang Chantavanich (Dec 31, 2013)
  • $54.99 $47.53 Paperback
  • Available for Preorder. This item will be released on December 31, 2013.
  • $39.74 Kindle Edition
  • Auto-delivered wirelessly

• *Temporary Shelters and Surrounding Communities: Livelihood Opportunities, the Labour Market, Social Welfare and...* by Chalamwong, Yongyuth, Thachumpon, Naruemon, Chantavanich, Supang Springer International Publishing AG (2013-11)
  • ¥ 415.00 平装
  • 通常需要6-9周
  • : 看所有 6 个商品
8.11. Publication Venue & Terms

- My proposal: publish 1 or 2 volumes in the SpringerBriefs in Environment, Security, Development and Peace (ESDP)
  - ASEAN Studies (ESDP-AS) [x]
  - Sustainable Development and Sustainability Transition Studies (ESDP-SDST) [x]

- Common Terms:
  - Books: between 30,000 and up to 80,000 words
  - No publication fee by publisher for copyediting, layout and printing
  - One free copy per author/contributor & a small honorarium which may be exchanged for 10 additional free copies at 50% discount
  - Coloured illustrations and photos are possible

- Three different publications:
  - Soft cover
  - Electronic book
  - All chapters are available at Springer Link (for sale or free download)
8.12. How to apply

• Go to website: http://afes-press-books.de/html/SpringerBriefs_ESDP.htm

For Prospective Authors: Book Proposal Form


• Carefully fill in book proposal form:

• Add CV, list of peer-reviewed & other publications, abstract, list of contents of book, book manuscript

• Send it to: Adj. Prof. Dr. Hans Günter Brauch
  – Brauch@afes-press.de or: hg.brauch@onlinehome.de
  – Johanna.Schwarz@springer.com (Springer Publishers)
BOOK PROPOSAL FORM

Responsible Editor: Schwarz, Johanna
Contact details: Johanna.Schwarz@springer.com

We thank you for your interest in publishing with Springer! In order for us to make an informed evaluation of your proposal, we ask you to complete this book proposal form and return it to your publishing editor (see details above). Please do not hesitate to contact us with any questions you may have.

Along with this Book Proposal Form, please provide the following material (if you have not already done so):

- Your CV, including a detailed list of your previous publications
- Tentative Table of Contents (electronic file, preferably in Word)
- One or more sample chapters and/or a chapter outline

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION requested by the Publishing Editor

Date form completed:
8.14. Decision making process (1)

• Dr. Schwarz and Dr. Brauch make decision whether offer is relevant & promising of ESDP or subseries

• Preconditions:
  – Original and previously unpublished in English
  – Must be in good English to allow a peer review process

• Peer review process (double blind): authored/ed. books
  – Authors may suggest up to 10 reviewers (other univ.)
  – Round 1: potential reviewers: abstract & list of contents
  – Round 2: 3-5 reviewers are given the text: 2-3 usually review after 1-3 months (unpaid work)
  – 4 alternative recommendations
  – Send all reviews anonymously to authors with recommendations (including language editing that must be arranged and paid by the authors, institute)
8.15. Decision making process (2)

- Minor or major revisions are proposed by reviewers.
- Authors respond/implement revisions in 1-2 months.
- Based on revised manuscript: decision of acceptance a publication contract is issued and book is globally announced.
- If careful language editing of accepted book proposal is needed and must be organized & paid by author/institute.
- Upon submission of final manuscript, copy-editing by myself & submission of the book for typesetting in Chennai.
- Production time is usually 3 up to 5 months (depending on speed of corrections).
- Proofreading and approval by the author is needed!
9. Proposal: Who is the Audience: Copublication in English and Thai

- In Thai for students, policy makers, societal groups
  - By Chulalongkorn University Press
- In English for global recognition & citation
  - By any global Scientific Publisher
- Locally and globally: Affordability and global recognition
- Cooperation between Chulalongkorn University Press & Major International Publishers
- Create international, peer-reviewed journals that have a global distribution and recognition
  - Open access (high costs): Local production
  - Hosted Journal by Major Global Publishers
9.1 Copublication Chula/Springer is possible

- Publication & distribution in Thailand by Chulalongkorn at local prices (possibly in Thai)
- Publication as peer-reviewed book by Springer (in English):
  - Softcover with colour (figures)
  - Ebook
  - Individual chapters (like journal articles)
- Benefits:
  - Wide global recognition
  - Listed in Thomson-Reuters Book Catalogue
  - Free download for subscribers of Springer packages
  - My copy at 25 $/€

- Springer’s catalogue includes approximately **6,500 new book titles each year** and around **2,600 journals** in the fields of clinical medicine, biosciences, engineering, physical and chemical sciences, environmental and plant sciences, **earth sciences, social sciences, humanities, behavioral sciences, business and economics**.

- Our association with GoogleTM is unique as well. Because of our close alliance, **our journals and books appear among the first or second entries for all academic keyword searches**. As half of all Internet searches are actually performed using GoogleTM, traffic to our website has increased exponentially.

- **Springer is the leading publisher** in specific regions of the world like China (84 journals) and Russia (200 journals) and more recently the Middle East where we have grown our journal program from nothing in 2008 to **10+ journals in 2011** and actively searching for respected partners to continue this growth.

- **Springer:** [http://www.springer.com](http://www.springer.com)
- **Film:** <http://www.springer.com/open+access?SGWID=0-169302-0-0-0>
- **Springer Journals in selected disciplines:**
  - Social Sciences: 217 journals
  - Environmental Sciences: 242 journals
  - Earth Sciences & Geography: 107 journals
  - Psychology: 115 journals
- **Springer Open Access:** Journals & Books
- **Springer Open Access Journals:** so far **215**
9.4. Examples of Open Access Journals
http://www.springeropen.com/journals

- **Springer Plus**: http://www.springerplus.com/
  - Computer-assisted coloring and illuminating based on a region-tree structure

- **International Journal of Disaster Risk Science**
  - Print/electronic/open access, 50th open access j. 29.6.2011
  - Board, Downloads
  - Sponsor: **Beijing Normal University**

- **Applied Water Science** (started in Sep. 2011)
  - Editors: E. Drioli, A.I. Alabdulaaly
  - ISSN: 2190-5487 (print version)
  - ISSN: 2190-5495 (electronic version)
  - Downloads (7, 30, 90 days)
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► You remain the publisher: you oversee the editorial board and retain full responsibility for the content of your journal, including peer-review and production.
9.6. Hosting a Journal?

- For journals in your local language – no restrictions on language or alphabet with search pages in the World’s major languages.

- A home for your journal: individual GSJ pages for each title present your journal to the worldwide audience.

- Continuous Article Publishing (CAP) model for fast accessibility: articles are published as soon as they are ready – no need to wait for issue building. Articles can be found, accessed and cited as early as possible: maximize citations.

- Digital Object Identifiers: Springer makes sure the articles of your journal are DOI registered – for easy citation and indexing.

- Smooth access and positive user experience with state-of-the-art hosting technology.

- Let the users rank your journal. A public rating system will be available soon. Most highly ranked journal will be awarded.
9.7. Terms for hosting a Chula Journal

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Transparent and sustainable business model:
Hosting, Visibility and Permanent Archiving for a reasonably priced fee

- Journal set-up (onetime fee) $1000 per journal
- Article processing and hosting $100 per article
- Annual journal maintenance $200 per journal per year

- Increase the Visibility of your Journal with Search Engine Optimization
- Maximize the Opportunities for Citations with a Combination of Open Access and Continuous Article Publishing
- Using Reliable Technology and a Sustainable Business Model
9.8. Costs for 2 Open Access Journals
formal: SSCI: 25 peer-reviewed articles for 3 years

**Springer Regular Open Access**

For first 3 years (50% discount)

- 1-3 years: 12,500 € year
- Year 4: 25,000 € year

**Costs first 5 years**

Year 1: 12,500 €
Year 2: 12,500 €
Year 3: 12,500 €
Year 4: 25,000 €
Year 5: 25,000 €

Total: 87,500 €

**Springer Hosted Open Access**

- First year:
  - 1,000 $ journal setup (this fee is discountable, up to 60%)
  - 100 $ per article
  - 200 annual maintenance fee

**Costs for five years**

Year 1: 3,700 $
Year 2: 2,700 $
Year 3: 2,700 $
Year 4: 2,700 $
Year 5: 2,700 $

Total: 14,500 $ (10,330 €)

- for years 1-5: 10,330 €
10. Conclusions:
Research & Publishing in English Matters

• English publications and their global citation matters for the ranking of Universities
• Chulalongkorn University: Research, Citation (2013)
• My advice: Publish both in Thai and in English
• For Springer: Co-publishing with Chulalongkorn University Press is possible (division by language Thai/English, and market: national vs. global)
• Springer offers Hosted English Journals:
• GlobalScienceJournals.com – [open access] & produced by Chulalongkorn University Press, easy access, higher download rate and potential citation
Thank you for your attention and patience

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